THE WORLD AT LARGE.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

APPLICATIONS were received at the treasury department from the governors of the states of Indiana and Kansas for the refund of the amount due those states under the provisions of the direct tax act. The claim of Indiana. amounts to \$769,144 and that of Kansas

SENATOR ALLISON said that he believed Mr. Cleveland was the most prominent candidate for the democratic presidential nomination, and that no matter what his views might be on the silver bill, if nominated, the democrats of the north and west would vote for

CONTRARY to all reports published that he will remain in office Treasurer Huston writes to a friend that he expects soon to return to Indiana "for

good."
THE friends of Gen. Stone, of Iowa, assistant commissioner of the land of-fice, are urging the president to promote him to the commissionership. He is thoroughly equipped as to the duties of the office and has made several efforts to succeed to it.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WANAMAKER has issued a general circular to all postmasters and employes, calling attention to the provisions of the act of congress of 1891, extending the franking privilege so that the members and members-elect of congress shall have the privilege of sending free through the mails and under their frank letters to any officer of the government when addressed officially.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has sustained the objections of Capt. Henry Wessels in the court martial case against bim. Objection had been made that the order had not received the president's signature and was therefore invalid. In sustaining Capt. Wessels' objection the president severely reprimands him. GEN. JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON, the noted southern leader, died at Washington on

the 21st from heart failure, superinduced by a cold. THE application of the governor or Missouri for refund of the direct tax contributed by that state amounting to

\$548,978, has been filed at the treasury department. THE Pan-American monetary confer ence met at Washington on the 23d with closed doors. There was a full attend-

ance, and after the submission of and discussion of several propositions the conference adjourned for a week. SECRETARY BLAINE is in good health with the exception of a slight touch of the gout. This necessarily confines him to his house, but does not interfere

in the least with the dispatch of public siness requiring his attention. Ex-SENATOR BLAIR has accepted the Chinese mission and has arranged to sail from San Francisco for the "Flowery Kingdom" on May 1. He has already received instructions from the secretary of state.

THE EAST.

DURING 1890 there were 40,105 deaths in New York city; births, 39,250, and marriages 14,992.

THE body of James S. Speelman, of the New York insurance patrol, was found in the ruins of the Hammerslough building. He had perished in the late fire.

JOHN M. D. FANSHAW, of New York, was found guilty of arson in the first degree, for which offense the punishment is imprisonment for life.

A GENERAL strike of the union capmakers took place in New York, 800

THE reception of the Parnell dele gates at New York fell rather flat.

THE large oleomargarine factory o the Providence (R. I.) Dairy Co. has been seized by internal revenue officers on charges of having sent out oleomargarine without stamps.

Ar a memorial meeting in ho the late Gen. Devens in Boston, Gov. Russell and other notables were present. Ex-President Hayes delivered the principal address.

VARIOUS officials stand accused of de frauding the soldiers' orphans' school of Pennsylvania of sums aggregating over \$1,000,000.

REV. FREDERICH UPTON, probably the oldest Methodist clergyman in America, died at his home in Fair Haven, Mass. THE New Jersey legislature adjourned on the 20th.

THERE is great distress among th strikers of the Connellsville coke region The contributions so far to the relief aittee do not amount to more than

WHILE 150 Italians were holding meeting at Troy, N. Y., to protest against the action at New Orleans, the building was bombarded with cobble stones and the meeting broken up by a mob outside. Several shots were fired, but no one was injured. The reserve police force dispersed the large crowd which had gathered.

JOCKEY DECKER, who has been one of the foremost riders of race horses at the Guttenburg (N. J.) track during the winter meeting, was instantly killed while alighting from a moving train on the New York, New Haven & Hartford

railroad at West Chester recently. THE judiciary committee of the Maine house has decided to recommend the

impeachment of Judge Hamilton, of Biddeford. LAWRENCE BARRETT, the tragedian

died at the Windsor hotel, New York, on the 20th. He was born at Paterson, N. J., April 4, 1838. Dr. HOWARD CROSBY was reported erously ill at his home in New York. He fell a victim to the grip and

pneumonia was feared.
HENRY CONRAD, Nicholas Miller and David Higgs, three young men of Wilkesbarre, Pa., were poisoned by sating a kind of parsnip which they found while hunting. Conrad and Milfer both died within a short time and Higgs may recover.

THE wholesale boot and shoe firm of J. and A. Simpkinson & Co., Cincinnati has made an assignment to ex-Judge Goebel. The liabilities are \$400,000, as

THE Joliet (Ill.) opera house has been estroyed by fire. The loss was \$60,000. The cause of the fire was unknown. WILLIAM H. HERNDON, Abraham Lin coln's law partner and author of "A Life of Lincoln," died at his residence near Springreld, Ill., of la grippe. His youngest son, William, died six hours

efore from the same disease. THE Royal Adelphi, a mutual benefit secret society, with headquarters in Detroit, Mich., is to be wound up by a receiver. There is a deficit of \$50,000. EDION CONKLING, of Giena Falls, old his Electioneer stallion, Gov

BARNES, the alleged Tascott, at Aberdeen, S. D., was confronted by Clark, the Chicago witness, who said Summary of the Daily News, the resemblance was remarkable, but at Barnes was too old for Tascott, his face too long and his mustache unlike. He was positive that Barnes was

not the man.

The famous Laguna de Tach ranch of 49,000 acres in Tulare county, Cal., is reported sold for \$1,000,000.

THE Montana cattle on the ranges are reported in excellent condition, the ows having melted and put the grass forward. CHARLES N. FELTON was elected sen-

ator for California to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Hearst. REV. HOWARD MCQUEARY, an Epise copal minister of Ohio, has been suspended for heresy.

IT was stated at Detroit, Mich., re-

cently that Joseph Perrien, a wealthy man, had been abducted and held for om. Later he returned home and said that his captors had released him, fearing arrest.

THE Iowa Farmers' Alliance has or with a constitution smalar to that of the Kansas alliance and with the following officers: President, J. M. Joseph; vice-president, Daniel Campe secretary, George B. Long, and state treasurer, T. H. Griffith.

THE Chicago chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution has been organized with 410 ladies as charte members.

THE supreme organization of Patrons of Industry, in session at Lansing, Mich., elected the following trustees for two years: Thomas Bradley, Bree vier, Ont., chairman; George A. Bennett, Marengo, Ill., and Phil S. Dorland, Lewis Corners, N. Y.

THE American League of Musician in session in Milwaukee, voted not to join the Knights of Labor. Owen Miller, of St. Louis, was elected president of the league.

THE banana train of the Illinois Central was wrecked near Manteno, Ill. Thirteen cars of the fruit were derailed and traffic delayed for over five hours. The property loss was about THE Anaconda copper mines, Butte,

Mont., have shut down. An east-bound freight train on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago rail, way was derailed near Ada, O. The cars were loaded with cattle, some twenty carloads being killed and maimed, involving a heavy loss. The

cars were badly wrecked. DYNAMTERS blew up Pat Kane's saloon at Washington, Ind., and robbed the safe of \$100. The building was badly wrecked.

THERE was a panic at a religious meeting in the Grand opera house, Springfield, O., caused by an unfounded alarm of fire.

REPORTS from Montana points say that there was a distinct earthquake shock at Butte, Anaconda and Billings. The shock was in places sufficient to knock dishes from cupboards.

JAMES B. MACKIE, the comedian, died at the Burton house, Cincinnati, recent-

WILLIAM H. BROWN, of Newburg, i. the new warden of Sing Sing prison to supersede Warden Brush. Mr. Brown was postmaster of Newburg under apointment of President Cleveland. Brush is a republican.

DURING a prize fight in St. Paul re-cently the spectators became excited and a free fight ensued. It ended with the police clearing the hall and arrest ing the principals.

NEAR Barbourville, Ky., Mrs. Barbara Shelton was found burned to death in the ruins of her home. It is supposed she had been murdered and the h

ourned to conceal the crime. Only parts of her body were found. George Sims, an Arkansas desperado, was killed near Pine Bluff while resist-

ing arrest. MRS. MARY MCCABE, who recently escaped from prison in Mexico, where she was charged with the killing of Judge Max Stein, whose extradition was demanded by the Mexican authorities and whose application for habeas

corpus was heard at Austin, Tex., has been released. ron died at Maysville, Ky., aged 78

THE lower house of the Arkansas legislature has passed a resolution favor-ing the election of president, vice-president and senators by popular vote.

Andrew Moore, aged 21, and Miss Ollie Cox, aged 16, were drowned in the Tuquapollia river at Kennedy, Ala. The

young couple were out boatriding when the boat capsized. FARMER ISAAC BUFORD, his wife,

THE biggest soap manufacturing con-cern in the world has been organized at

Houston, Tex. The corporation will have a capital of \$15,000,000 and proposes to establish plants to cost from \$50,000 to \$200,000 in Houston, New Orleans and other southern cities in the

THE Tompkins Machinery & Imp'ement Co., of Dallas, Tex., has made a
general assignment. The lial lilities are
5186,786. The assets are estimated at
8379,330. A WRECK occurred on the Valley road

three miles west of Rosedale, Miss., recently. The engine and baggage car both turned over and Engineer Frank Brogan and the colored fireman were both killed. No passengers were hurt. St. Paul's Episcopal church, New Orleans, has been destroyed by fire. The loss was estimated at \$45,000; in-

surance, \$25,000. THE grand jury at New Orleans has returned two indictments in blank. They are for attempting to bribe jurors and are supposed to be against McChrystal and Cooney, the two men previously indicted. The only new feature is the indictment of D. C. O'Malley as an ac-

essory before the fact. SIX white convicts, under sent from five years to life, escaped from a working gang at Jackson, Miss., as follows: G. Talbert, Cad Brown, Joe Fulks J. H. Marshall, Leroy Hodges and Lee

ness, and John G. Cashman, editor of Business, and John G. Cashman, editor of the Evening Post, of Vicksburg, Miss., met in mortal combat on the streets with the result of Hardenstein being killed. The difficulty was in regard to the action of the citizens of New Orleans in killing the Hannessy assessing.

which he assures the Russian Finns that their rights and privileges will be preserved as guaranteed by the previous JACK KARKEEK announces that he has given up wrestling forever and will en-

gage in business. Karkeek says there s no money in wrestling. The Milan Secoula declares that Italy will demand heavy compensation for the families of the Italians lynched.at Co

New Orleans. Col. Mapleson, the English impres sario, was married recently to Mrs. Laura Schirmer Byron at the British embassy in Paris.

THERE were reports that summary measures were to be taken against Germany for the exclusion of American pork. The reports were denied.
The board of guardians of Navan,
County Meath, Ireland, have rescinded

A DELEGATE from the Chilian revolu tionary party has arrived in Paris. He states that two-thirds of the people were in favor of the insurgents' party and that the latter had already a permanent hold on the northern provinces and their valuable resources of nitrate

THE privy council of Great Britain has confirmed the right of the colonial government of Victoria, Australia, to prevent the landing of Chinese immi-

AT a meeting of the institute of naval architects in London, Mr. Biles, a member of the council, warmly praised the latest American naval constr saying that they quite equaled and sometimes surpassed the Eu opean con-structions of like character.

MARION CRAWFORD, the author, has withdrawn the charge of plagiarism preferred by him against the managers of the opera in connection with the pro-duction by them of "Le Mage," the story of which Mr. Crawford asserted was taken bodily from the "Zoroast It is understood that the responsibil-ity for the loss of the Galena is placed upon the officers of the tug who failed to respond to the orders from the Ga-lena in the matter of directing the

course when breakers were seen. SLIGO was recently the scene of a conflict between anti-Parnellites and Parnellites. The Parnellites were holding a meeting, when they were attacked by anti-Parnellites, who succeeded in breaking up the meeting. The anti-Parnellites also stoned the police, who came to the assistance of the Parnellites, and a general scrim-

THE Vienna correspondent of the London Times, in spite of official denials, reiterates that Princess Elizabeth, of Hesse, the wife of Grand Duke Sergius, of Russia, was brutally coerced to join the Russian church.

Business failures (Dun's report) for the seven days ended Marc'ı 19 numbered 275, compared with 273 the pre-

The jury as to the sinking of the Utopia at Gibraltar unanimously de-cided that the cause of the disaster was collected a sum of money for the survivors, 133 of whom returned to Naples. THE Oxford and Cambridge boat race was rowed on the Thames on the 21st and was won by Oxford by a quarter of a boat's length.

CLEARING house returns for the week ended March 21 showed an average decrease of 25 compared with the corresponding week of last year. In New

York the decrease was 3.9. It was rumored in Lisbon that another conflict had taken place between the English and Portuguese on the Limpopo

A DISPATCH from Rome says that Signor Crispi, the late premier, is so badly off in the matter of the goods of this world, that he has been compelled to go back to his old profession as a lawyer, and his shingle has been hung

ont in the Latin quarter.

A DISPATCH from Zanzibar says that the conclusion of a treaty with the prominent chiefs by which the latter agree to abolish slavery at Witu is of-

ficially announced. CANADIAN farmers are uniting undthe name of the "Ontario Farmers' Union." The movement is similar to that of the Farmers' Alliance in the United States.

A TRAMP who frightened the women and children in the vicinity of Shelbyville, Ind., was caught by a mob who at first hung him to railroad bridge but they final-ly let him down and whipped him until his shoes were filled with blood and then in an exhausted state he was allowed to

A SPECIAL cable to the New York Her-THE DIGGEST SOAP BUFORD, his wife, three children and team and wagon were washed down stream in Valley creek, near Nashville, Tenn., and the children and horses were drowned.

LIEUT. G. W. GOTHELS, U. S. A., will succeed Col. Barstow in charge of Tennessee river improvements below Chattanooga, with headquartors at Florence.

The biggest soap manufacturing concern in the world has been organized at the control of the contro

cotton belt.

Gov. Hoog, of Texas, has vetoed the bill allowing the state to take the two cents a pound sugar bounty. There is a sugar mill in the penitentiary operated by convicts.

A DESTRUCTIVE prairie are occurred twenty miles east of Arkansas City, Kan.
A large number of farms were swept clear of fences, houses and barns, and a large number of eattle and horses perished. It is leared that lives were lost.

WILLIAM WATTS, a planter living near Development of the penitential properties of the penitential properties.

ing him instantly.

MISS NORA GRAY, while crossing a rail

Miss Nora Gray, while crossing a railroad bridge at Ramsey, Ill., was frightened by an approaching train. She jumped
from the bridge, a distance of fifty eet,
and was but slightly hurt.

Grant, the Topeka, Kan., murderer,
committed suicide at Pueblo, Colorado.
The officers were hot after him and he
shot himself in preference to being car-

ZINC has been found near Tahlequah, L. T., and a wealthy stock company is being formed there to mine for zinc and other BOB JENKINS and his father-in-law, H.

Bon JENKIES and his father-in-law, H.
T. Chambers, were found dead near Bastrop, Texas, on the Red Rock road. They
had been murdered. Jenkins was one of
the parties who participated in the S. U.
Smith killing at Bastrop, last fall.
THERE is an epidemic of grippe raging
in the city of New York. TWENTY-SIX colored men, of troop I, First cavalry at Fort Leavenworth, were sent to the hospital with the grip, the 22rd

ble, what responsibility, if any, rests on the British war ship Auson for the sink-ing of the Utopia which happened at Gib-ralter is in session in that city. The bod-ies of fifty more of the victims have been

TARIFF AND TAXATION.

Waj. McKinley Talks to the People of Masetts-The Tariff and Taxation Die

WORCESTER, Mass., March 24.—Ex-Congressman McKinley, of Ohio, was accorded a great reception at Mechan-les' hall last evening. Among those sent on the platform were Senators George F. Hoar, Mayor F. A. Harrington and ex-Gov. J. Q. A. Brackett ssman Joseph H. Walker presided at the meeting and introduced the

sided at the meeting and introduced the speaker, who said:
Fellow Citizens of Worcester: I am grateful for this most generous greeting. I feel it as a reception to the republican party. I have come to speak earnest words on a great public question which affects every citizen of the country in his earnings and his investments, and has to do with the happiness of every American home. I have come to talk about federal taxation. This is no new theme. It has affected American statesmen from the beginning of the government and it will probably vex them as long as the government lasts.

criment and it will probably vex tuen as long as the government lasts.

The first question that confronts any government is how shall the money be raised to meet its necessary expenses. To carry on our government it take-\$1,000,000 every twenty-four hours. It is purely a business question, and it is to be done by direct or indirect taxation. Governments can not create montaxation. Governments can not create mon y. Its only assets are public lands. Its only way to raise revenue is to get congress to lay taxes. Congress may tax you directly, your lands, incomes, earnings or profession, or it can raise it by a tax or duty on foreign products. It can tax its people by what is called internal taxation or it can tax other people seeking a market in this country. Both polital parties are agreed that internal taxation will not do. It is inquisitorial and today remains only in force on spirits and tubusces.

The divergence between the parties begins just beyond the agreement, that the money must be raised by what is known as tariff.

There are two plans. The first is that which looks for revenue and for revenue only; the other, while looking for revenue, is at the same time protective, with due regard to the occupation and industries of our people. The one a tariff exclusively for revenue, is without regard for our enterprises; the other has a thought for the interests and husiness of our people and their protection.

Major McKinley illustrated this point The divergence between the parties begins

of his speech by an allusion to the manufacture of glass in this country. The object of a revenue tariff, he said, is realized when it has the lowest rate that will call out the greatest importation of products. It imposes its duty upon goods which cannot be produced at home. The protective tariff, the burden, duty or tariff on forwith home manufactures. A revenue tariff is always paid by the consumer. This cannot always be said of the protective tariff. They say that protective tariffs are paid by the consumer; they forget that revenue tariffs are never paid by any one else. Ah, but they say, why isn't free trade a good thing? It is if you are finished and completed, if you have stopped growing. But here decay steps in. They say there is free trade between the states with \$2,000,000 of people. Why not with all the world? They forget we live under a different government from every other with home manufactures. A reven

did not want any European in it, that years ago our fathers broke away from British tyranny and set up for themselves on a plan different in every way.

We are different from every other nation duties of government. Tell me why he should enjoy the privileges of citizenship in the United States and its markets? Our population is 3 per cent, or one-twentieth, the population of the globe. We consume in many products a third of all produced. We propose from this time forward to manufacture most of what we consume.

Reference to the tin production brought out tremendous applause.

der a different government from every oth government in the world. It is because w

Major McKinley spoke of the accom-lishment of the Fifty-first congress saying that no democratic majority in congress that will be elected in the next ten years will be able to repeat its work. The treaty with Brazil gives a foreign market. We have practically got free raw material, for a private citi zen can buy his raw material abroad, pay a tax on it at the custom house, manufacture it in his factory and the government will refund 99 per cent. on the manufactured article, keeping 1 per cent, as its percentage for handling

goods,
Protective tariffs, he continued, do not build a Chinese wall around the country, for in the years since 1879 we have expended more than in seventy-one years from 1740. We can have free trade, perhaps, when other We can have free trade, perhaps, when other nations brings their laborers up to our high standard, for we will never descend to theirs. It is said the protective tariff takes from the many to pay the few. There is no country in the world where wealth is more widely diffused, or there are more homes paid for than in this. We have no quarrel with Great Britain. We are to work for the best destiny for our nation. We permit every nation to make their own policy. We want no interference from any nation of the world and we will have none.

will have none. Shall we turn from the splendid pr

Shall we turn from the splendid prosperity we have got? It is unparalleled in history the progress in arts, sciences, education and industrial developments. We know what thirty years of protection have done. Shall it be changed? No.

If a change ever comes, it will not come from school men or theorists. Nothing can say on the new tariff can help it. Nothing our families can say can hinder it. can say of the new tariff can help it. Nothing our families can say can hinder it.

Its operations alone can do it hurt. The
platform upon which Benjamin Harrison
was elected president—he is as good as we
have had in years—has fulfilled all its
pledges—save one, and that the republican
congress passed and it was not the fault of
Senator Hoar that it did not go through the
senate. The conscience of the country will
not be allowed to stop till the liberty and
the suffrage of the people is respected and
every part of the country has equal rights.

CHICAGO, March 24.—Grippe, monia and the vernal equinox jointly did deadly work in Chicago last week. The footings show that 804 persons died during the week, the major portions of them of lung diseases. Pneumonia claimed 170, grippe 19, bronchitis 81, diphtheria 23, scarlet fever 15, typhoid fever 18, consumption 4. Acute lung diseases carried off 238. Last week the death list was 709. The rate per thouand was \$4.84.

Boiled to Death in a Vat.
PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 24.—Last
Thursday Henry Reddy, whose home was on Beaver avenue, Allegheny, entered the salt works of Haller, Beck & Co., on Rebecca street, in an intoxicated condition. After a struggle the watchman succeeded in putting Reddy out of the building. He sat down in an open window and had not been seen since. His body was found at the bottom of one of the boiling salt vats. It is supposed that he went to sleep on the window sill and fell backwards into the vat, where he was liter-

serious freshets in Franklin county. At Farmington the railroad tracks are At Farmington the railroad tracks are in great danger from an ice gorge. This endangers the city bridge and the Dingley corn factory. Dynamite has been used to break the gorge at Phillips. Dwellings in the lower part of the town have been flooded by the overflow. The Kingfield dam has been

FIENDISH PLOTS.

York-Disheller in New York—Diabolical Schemes to Destroy Human Life—Several Arrests.

New York, March 24.—Following close upon the tenement house horror at Hester and Allen street, in which

ur persons perished, and the East y-ninth street tenement fire, which cost two more lives, with a strong suspicion that incendiarism was the cause of each fire, came reports to the police yesterday of two clear and indubitable cases of attempted inceniiarism of a particularly atrocious kind, a third case almost as clear as a fourth, in which there is good reason to believe that such scoundrelly work was

planned. In all the lives of fifty-eight families, comprising nearly 200 per-sons, were placed in jeopardy. At 23 Catherine street a policeman aught a man in the act of setting fire to a tenement house in which a dozen families reside. The fire was quickly smothered and the firebug was landed

n the police station. Another fiendish plot to destroy life and property was discovered in the ten-ement East 243 One Hundred and Twenty-first street, which is occupied by over a hundred people. Charles Balz, a barkeeper, smelled smoke when he went home at 2 a. m. He roused the inmates, and a search revealed the fact that a heap of rubbish under the stairs was burning. The plot was evidently to cut o? escape by the stairs. The fire escapes are somewhat deficient. The inmates were horrified to find that the cnobs to the front doors of this and three adjoining tenements had been re-moved so that the people would have

been trapped like rats. Another case was at 213 East Sixtyfirst street. A policeman saw smoke coming out of the cellar at 2 a. m., and several colored families in the house were aroused. It was found that the fire had been kindled in a coal bin and also in a pile of wood in another part of the cellar.

A fire was discovered Saturday after oon in the cellar of a tenement, 846 Second avenue. It was near some oil barrels and doubtless incendiary. A enant located the fire in time to save

the building and its occupants. The Brooklyn incendiaries are still at work. Last night a fire was found to have been kindled under the stairway in the basement of the tenement, 299 Myrtle avenue, occupied by several families. It was in a store room, which is generally kept locked. The lock had been broken. The people in the house were panie-stricken, but all got out safely and the fire was extinguished without doing

much damage.

Newark also has its fire bugs. Late last night fire was discovered on the second floor of a tenement, 21 Boyd street, and the flames rapidly communicated to the two adjoining tenements. There were about a dozen Polish families in the three tenements. There were many narrow escapes and two paid this evening.

persons who are missing are supposed to have parished in the fermions. to have perished in the flames. The occupied by Solomon Epstein. His apartments, it is said, had been saturated with oil. The police are making

an investigation. MAFIA ASSASSINS.

Two Sleuths Employed to Circumvent Any Plottings For Revenge. NEW YORK, March 24.—Chief Inspect-

or Byrnes fully realizes the necessity at this time of curbing the revengeful spirit of the Italian colonists of this city and preventing exhibitions of too much aggressiveness over the recent episode at New Orleans. The poorer classes of Italians are considerably excited over what they regard as a high-handed outrage, and an outbreak may occur at any

sarro, of the central office have been unremitting in their labors among the

at each meeting. Considerable specuthey are numerous, yet the shops are lation has been indulged in regarding fairly supplied with orders. the object of the visit of the two emis saries from New Orleans. Various theories have been advanced, but the idea that prevails generally is that they have been commissioned to select certain members of the New York branch to visit the Crescent city for the pur

NEW YORK, March 23.—The funeral services of Lawrence Barrett were conducted this morning in one of the par-lars of the Windsor hotel by Rev. Thomas Sherman and were of the simplest character, consisting only of the prayers for the dead.

Came to an Understan "ag. CHICAGO, March 24.—The conference of committees representing the carpen ters and the Carpenters' and Builders association, came to an understanding after being in session for four days. The agreements signed say that the joint committee on arbitration shall act as a board of arbitration and shall finally decide all questions submitted. committee to serve for two years to es-tablish a minimum rate of wages, and adjust all questions of interest. The work will be eight hours and the pay will be by the hour, the minimum rate of wages being 35 cents per hour.

For Killing His Father ox, S. D., March 24.—The jury in the Hundly murder case returned a verdict of murder in the first degree against Fred Hundly, who killed his father last June. Mr. Hundly was the

BARRETT DEAD.

nespected Death of the Noted Tragedian

Only III Three Days.

NEW YORK, March 21. — Lawrence tarrett, the tragedian, died last evening t 10:45 o'clock at the Windsor hotel The demise was due to heart failure. The famous actor was unconscient but a short time before he died. His

wife and Dr. Chambers, of this city,

were with him when he breathed hi Mr. Barrett's last sickness dated from Wednesday night, when he was obliged to leave the theater where he was en gaged. It was said at that time that he was merely suffering from a severe cold and would be out in a few days, and the same report was made Thursday. Even yesterday the reports from the sick chamber were very favorable.

Last evening Dr. Chambers called at the Windsor hotel at 9 o'clock to see his patient and shortly thereafter announced that he would remain all night in the sick room. Heart failure, the physician declared, was the cause of

Mr. Barrett, has two daughters, now in Europe, one being the wife of Mary Anderson's brother. At the time of his partner's and friend's death Edwin Booth was at the Player's club in bed asleep. He did not receive the notice of his death until

midnight and was very deeply affected at the news of the demise. Lawrence Barrett was born in Paterson N J April 4 1838 His first ap pearance on the stage was in Detroit in 1853. The distinction that he has won as a tragedian is well known to the public, and his death will be uni-

versally regretted. NEW THING IN CRIME.

Wealthy Man of Detroit Held By U. known Parties For Ransom.

DETROIT, Mich., March 21.-Joseph Perrin, proprietor of one of the largest flouring mills in Detroit, and a half illionaire, was called to his door by a stranger last night with a message pur-porting to come from an intimate friend who was reported as ill and desiring Mr. Perrin's attendance. Mr. Perrin left his home with the stranger abou 10 o'clock, entered a coupe the latter had brought with him and went away. At 1 o'clock this morning the Perrin me door bell was rung and an envelope thrust in by a young man who immediately disappeared. The envelope contained a check for \$15,000 on the Peninsular bank, of which Mr. Perrin is vice-president and a large stockholder. a promissory note for \$15,000, payable in five days, and a letter to Mr. Perrin's nephew, Mr. Hesselbacher, advising him to eash the check negotiate the note or failing in that to raise \$15,000 on his own property to be paid as a ransom for Mr. Perrin, who was being held by some parties who the letter did not disclose. The letter appointed a rendezvous at which the money might be

The police were immediately put at work on the case, but up to 11 o'clock buildings were burned out. The floor this morning they have no clew either

to his present whereabouts.

Mr. Perrin is a bachelor, 58 troit industries and financial institu

home, having been released by his cap-tors, who took him from the house blindfolded. The kidnappers then es

In the evening Mr. Perrien returne

TRADE REPORT. tun's Weekly Review Shows a More Hope ful Feeling –Bright Crop Prospects. NEW YORK, March 21.-R. G. Don & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: There is found in almost all quarters a feeling of confidence, of hope and hope-fulness as to the future. Though the present effect of short crops is felt in the northwest, the prospect for the coming season is exceptionally bright, anremitting in their labors among the latitans during the past week. They have succeeded in locating the whereabouts of two of the leaders of the Mafia of New Orleans, who arrived in the either on Friday last. The names of the latit won Friday last. The names of the either week will soon be adjusted to the latit works will soon be adjusted to the latit works. these men are Luigi Contonari and An-tonio Maleschi. The men are being shadowed by Byrnes' men, who have orders that at the first sign of any attempt to incite their countrymen the two are to be arrested and landed at the Mulberry street headquarters. gins for profit are close, but a great at work among the members of the fra-ternity of this city. Several secret pansion and diversification of the manufacture leaves for foreign supply only ent parts of the city, but owing to the the finer grades of worsted that are pector's forethought and discretion not made here, and even in men's assigning members of the police woolens there is seen some improveorce, who are conversant with the ment, though the demand looks to Italian language, he succeeded in hav-ing a trusted agent in disguise present at each gathering, and he is in pos-by speculation in hides and leather, session of a knowledge of the com- as prices of goods are no higher than a plete proceedings that were carried on year ago, but while buyers are cautious

rmany Notified That the Embargo on American Fork Must Be Removed. WASHINGTON, March 21.—Minister Phelps has been notified by the state de-Phelps has been notified by the state de-partment, at the request of President Harrison, to demand of the German an-thorities that the embargo be at once removed on American pork, else the president will proceed to exercise the power given him by the last congress and by preclamation close our corts. and by proclamation close our ports against German imports. There is no doubt that the communication has been sent to Minister Phelps, for the presi-dent so informed a senator yesterday.

al rumors affecting the stability of the Keystone national bank, one of the oldest and regarded as one of the most conservative financial institutions in this city, were verified this morning when doors of the concern were kept business. The bank's paid up capital was \$500,000. The closing was sudden and quiet.

The bank has a line of deposits amounting to about \$1,400,000, and it is claimed that it has assets sufficient to meet this amount. The Louisville Failure.
LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 21.—The fail-

ure of Theodore Schwartz & Co., bank-

against Fred Hundly, who killed his father last June. Mr. Hundly was the leading democratic editor of the state and chairman of the state committee and his death created a great sensation.

Migh Water in Ottamwa.

OTTURWA, Ia., March 24.—The high water in the Des Moines river carried away forty feet of the Main struct bridge in this city yesterday. At points below here much damage has been described as a potably at Addyville.

ers, turns out more seriously than was affired in bilitities will at first supposed. Its liabilities will at first supposed. Its liabilities will are first supposed. Its liabilitie

APPROPRIATIONS.

Official Statement of the Appropriations By the Late Congress—Why Several Ap-propriations Were Increased. WASHINGTON, March 19.—An official

statement prepared by the clerks of the senate and house appropriations com-mittees for Senator Allison and Repreas been made public. By comparison the statement shows

together with the amount of each, were District of Columbia, \$637,840.09; forti-fications, \$2,802,114; Indian, \$7,309,146.70; legislative, \$1,456,833.12; navv, \$14,042,-344.09; pension, \$113,312,351.69; post-office, \$22,668,343.58; river and harbor, \$2,738,678.10; sundry civil, \$15,580,499.72.
On the other hand the appropriations carried by the following bills were in the aggregate \$11,523,279.69, less than

in the same bills as passed by the Fif-tieth congress. In detail the decreases were: Diplomatic and consular, \$400,-750; military academy, \$380,449.75; deficiences, \$1,726,264.62; miscellaneous, 89,159,221.47; permanent annual appro priations, \$216,593.85.

Mr. Cannon, in an appendix to thes figures, says that there should be added to the appropriations of the Fiftiett congress and deducted from the appro riations of the Fifty-first congress the sum of \$25,321,907 to meet the known deficiency for payment of pensions in the appropriations made by the former congress. He then argues against in-creasing the number of committees having charge of appropriations and says the system of distributing the ap propriation bills among the various

ommittees is vicious and tends to ex Chairman Allison, in his statement gives somewhat in detail the reason which operated in the several appro priation acts to increase expendi authorized by the present congress over those of its predecessor. He says an increase of \$1,441,473 under the agricultural appropriation act was caused by the establishment of the little one was one sheet of flame.

agricultural experiment stations and The mother tore the burning garments transfer of the weather bureau from the war department.
An increase of 822,668,343 under the post office bill, Mr. Allison continue was due to the growth and expan of the service throughout the country. The increase of \$2,738,678 for river and

harbor improvements was due to enlarged appropriations for some of the principal works of improvements in progress, such as the Mississippi and Missouri river improvements. The increase for sundry civil expenses of \$15,530,499 was river and harbor improvements, expenses of the eleventh census, public buildings, government printing office, He speaks Spanish and it is though will for disabled volunteer soldiers, military osts, for artificial limbs for soldier for the world's fair, for the life saving service, for recoinage of silver co

EX-SENATOR INGALLS.

He Sees a Formidable Change of Pol the Farmers' Movement. BALTIMORE, Md., March 19.-Ex-Sen ator John J. Ingalls, of Kansas, who left here for New York yesterday, speaking of the Farmers' Alliance, said:
This movement is building greater than
the majority of people in the eastern slope
are willing to admit. It presents one of the
most interesting political problems of the
age. Here in the east, where industries and

the majority of people in the eastern slope are willing to admit. It presents one of the most interesting political problems of the age. Here in the east, where industries and employments are diversified, its progress is not appreciated and the strength it is gaining is not understood. In the west, a purely agricultural section, it has taken a deep hold on the public mind, and the evolution of the movement is closely watched by our deepest thinkers and political economists. These farmers have concluded that there are wrongs existing that need adjustment. The growth of the organization is not ethereal or spontaneous, but has come with a strong under current of reason that will ultimately land it on a solid foundation which will defy all the efforts of political agitators to shake. Of course the blatant demagous, whose claims are unreasonabe and untenable, will not be the ones to carry this movement to the success I look for it to reach. You will find, however, that with the force behind it and with even partial success, these agitators will be forced to give way to the more conservative element, and the leadership will be assumed by men impelled alone by philanthropic or patriotic feelings, and whose counsel can safely be followed with the assurance that it will lead to tangible results.

The adjustment of the tariff, the expansion of the circulating medium and other measures, the absence of which thinking farmera believe underlie the stagnation that now affects them will be advocated by the best minds in the movement in such a way as to carry with them a strong popular feeling. I think it may be compared to the feeling of republicanism which swept over the country from 1856 to 1868. This result might be more quickly reached could the west and south find common ground on which to stand. The east and the north have recognized this all along and have very adroitly prevented any coalition. They know that in the south anything that endangers local government by the white element will be resisted and that every other

Awfully Fatal.
GIBBALTAR, March 19.—The loss of GIBRALTAR, March 19.—The loss of life by the sinking of the Anchor line steamer Utopia, which collided on entering the bay here with the British ironclad Anson, was, it is now almost certain, almost three times as large as was at first estimated. It is calculated that of the 700 Italian emigrants and the crew on board the steamer 569 per-sons were drowned. Several bodies of ish coast.

Among those who were saved from the sinking vessel by the boats of the men-of-war were twenty of the Utopia's crew

New York Tene scenes were enacted this morning in the Hebrew district. In a fire that con-

KANSAS STATE NEWS.

Pensions were granted the following Kansans on the 17th: Elias Reever, Porter, Seneca Tyler, Daniel McKinley, John M. Wolf, George Daum, Hiram Wing, John C. Milton, Jonathan E. mittees for Senator Allison and hepre-sentative Cannon, the chairmen of the committees, and showing the appro-priations of the last two congresses, Hess, Law Hellawell, Louis G. Com-Willow, John C. Milton, Jonathan L. John Larney, John C. Cooper, John B. Hess, Law Hellawell, Louis G. Comparet, Frank L. Pound, George W. By comparison the statement shows that the appropriations by the Fifty-first congress exceeded those of the Fift tieth fully \$170,000,000. The sum total of appropriations by the Fifty-first congress appropriations by the Fifty-first congress. appropriations by the Fifty-first congress aggregated \$988,410,129 and those of the Fiftieth \$817,963,859. The increases, Hale, William F. Benson, William Den-W. in the following named acts: Agri-cultural, \$1,441,473.50; army, \$32,085.35; Cowan, William B. Hutchinson, John H. Johnston, Charles N. Ela, Theodore Cessna, William Ross, Benjamin F. Pottorff, William L. Millen, William Martin, Ransom H. Gile, Samuel Me-Clung, Emanuel Linsea, James Shearn, Amos C. D. Briggs, Thomas Bettes, Stephen Jex, Sampson P. Hargett, Joseph Beavers, Reuben S. Rogers, William J. Alford, Andrew J. Lewis,

James H. Hiatt, John Dickson, James Holt, John L. Brady, William C. Crain, Elizabeth Allen, Mary Kable and Joel A Surprising Verdict.

Murder in the second degree was the rerdict recently returned by the jury at Wichita, after being out all night, in the case of the Mexican tomala man, Camello Lopes. The murder was com-mitted in January. A colored woman, into whose room Lopes had broken and whom he attempted to assault, escaped and sought protection with a neighbor named Dobbs and his wife. Lopes fol-lowed and with a butcher knife attacked all three indiscriminately, killing Dobbs on the spot and horribly nutilating the two women. Much in

dignation was expressed at the verdict. Child Burned. The two-year-old daughter of Samuel Sells, of Lawrence, was fatally burned the other day. The father had made a yard and had gone to the barn, when the little child wandered out of the house and fell into the fire. Its cries called the mother to the rescue, but the little one was one sheet of flame from the child and finally succes extinguishing the flames, but not until it had been horribly burned. The

mother was terribly burned also. Ben Grant, a Topeka negro, shot and instantly killed his white wife the other afternoon. The only witness was the woman's little daughter four years of age, the child of a former marriage. The report to the police was not made until an hour after the killing occurred and by that time Grant had made his escape. Jealousy was unquestionably the cause of the murder. Grant is rep-

Many Local Bills Passed. While the session of the legislatur just closed was not remarkable for the large number of general laws passed vet a great many local measures passed than twice as many as any previous ses sion enacted. The number of bills introduced during the session was 1,274,

420 in the senate. Less than one-fifth of the bills introduced became laws. Marshall T. Frame, a prominent law-yer of Atchison, died the other night from the effects of injuries received in a runaway accident about a week previous. The accident was caused by an unknown farmer, who refused to give a part of the road and crowded Mr. Frame's buggy into a narrow place,

of which 854 originated in the house and

where a collision resulted and the Lost in Gambling. William B. Munson, agent in Kansas City, Kan., of the Royal Insurance Co. of Liverpool, the Northern of London and the Hamburg-Bremen of Germany, has been arrested charged with the embezzling of \$1,400 belonging to the vari-

ous companies. The money was lost in department from 90 of the 106 counties in the state bring encouraging news regarding the wheat outlook. In four-fifths of the counties reporting the crop is better than ever before reported in

the history of the state.

Minor State Notes. Frank McKoon, aged 18 years, who lived at Fontana, was run over and road at that place the other day.

The United States Savings bank at Topeka has made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors. The presi-dent, W. C. Knox, is a son of John D. Knox, who also failed some time since. The Kansas delegation to the third party conference to be held in Cincin-nati May 20 will leave Topeka May 17. Two Pullman cars have been engaged

for the accommodation of those will attend from this state. A careful examination of the condi it to be unsurpassed in the history of the county. The acreage of last fall was 25 cent. more than that of any preceding year, and, coupled with the ex-cellent condition of the plant, makes the prospect for a heavy crop most en-

The board of five managers appoint by the house of representatives to ed duct the prosecution of Judge Theor sius Botkin before the senate will me at Topeka April 10, ten days prior to the date fixed by the senate for beginning the trial. The board has engaged as its attorney R. M. Mackey, formerly apart-ner of Col. S. N. Wood.

It is proposed to raise \$50,000 by private subscription for an exhibit at the world's fair, since the legislature The governor has appoint.

F. Johnson, of Oskaloosa,

examiner, an office created by the late legislature.

Mrs. Ellen Patton, of Atchison, a local poet of considerable note, recently dislocated her jaw while yawning. A physician restored it to its place.

Patents lately issued to Kansas inventors: Rail coupling for iron fence, Christian Hanika, Wichita; corn stalk harvester, Peter S. Lundgern, Marynville: live stock releaser. Neil R. Shoots.

Dighton.

Engine 49, the second engine or built in the Parsons shops, was fired and run out of the shops the other of the shops the shops the other of the shops the